

SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

ACT NO. 8 OF 1986

I ASSENT

J. L. EUSTACE, Governor-General.

[L.S.]

23rd January, 1986.

AN ACT for the promotion and management of fisheries and for matters incidental thereto and connected therewith.

[On Proclamation]

BE IT ENACTED by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the House of Assembly of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines and by the authority of the same as follows:

PART I—PRELIMINARY

- 1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Fisheries Act, 1986 Short title and shall come into operation on such date as the Governor-General may, by Proclamation, mencement specify.
 - (2) The Governor-General may, by Proclamation, specify different dates for the commencement of the different provisions.

87

Interpretation 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

"access agreement" means an agreement under Section 7.

"authorized officer" means any fisheries officer, any customs officer or police officer and any other person or category of persons designated as an authorized officer by the Minister under Section 32:

"court" means a magistrates court;

"Chief Fisheries Officer" means the person appointed as Chief Fisheries Officer under Section 3(2) (a); "fish" means any aquatic animal, whether piscine or not and includes any shellfish, turtle, molluse, crustacean, coral, sponge, echinoderm, its young and its eggs;

"fish aggregating device" means any man-made or partly man-made floating or submerged device, whether anchored or not, intended for the purpose of aggregating fish, and includes any natural floating object on which a device has been placed to facilate its location;

"fisheries officer," means the Chief Fisheries Officer, Fisheries Officer, or Assistant Fisheries Officer and such other Officers appointed under Section 3(2);

"fishery" means one or more stocks of fish or fishing operations based on such stocks which can be treated as a unit for purposes of conservation and management and which are identified on the basis of geographical, spientific, 'technical, recreational and economic characteristics:

"fisheries plan" means the plan for the management and development of fisheries prepared under Section 4:

"fishery waters" means the waters of the exclusive economic zone, territorial sea, archipelagic waters and internal waters as defined in the Maritime Areas Act, No. 15 of 1983 and any other waters over which Saint Vincent and the Grenadines claims fisheries jurisdiction;

"fishing" means fishing for or catching or taking or killing fish by any method of placing any fish aggregating device and includes searching for fish; "fishing licence" means a foreign fishing licence or a local fishing licence;

"fishing vessel" means any vessel used for commercial fishing or related activities or for sport fishing; "foreign fishing licence" means a licence issued in respect of a foreign fishing vessel under Section 8; "Foreign fishing vessel" means any fishing vessel other than a local fishing vessel:

"licence" means a licence issued under this Act; "local fishing licence' means a licence issued in respect of a local fishing vessel under Section 11; "local fishing vessel" means any fishing vessel:

- (a) wholly owned by the Government of Saint Vinand the Grenadines or by any public corporation established by or under any law of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines; or
- (b) wholly owned by one or more persons who are citizens of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines; or
- (c) wholly owned by any company, society or other association of persons incorporated or established under the laws of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines of which at least 51 percent of the voting shares are held by citizens of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines;

"locally based foreign fishing vessel" means any foreign fishing vessel based in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines which lands all its catch in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines; "master" means the person or persons having control of a fishing vessel at any given time, and includes a fishing master, fleet commander or pilot having control of such vessel; "Minister" means the Minister to whom matters relating to fisheries have been assigned; "related activities" in relation to fishing means:

- (a) trans-shipping fish to or from any vessel; or
- (b) storing, processing or transporting fish taken from the fishery waters up to the time it is first landed; or

- (c) refuelling or supplying fishing vessels or per forming other activities in support of fishing operations: or
 - (d) attempting or preparing to do any of the

"test fishing operations" means any fishing operations undertaken over a limited period of time with the approval the Chief Fisheries Officer for the purpose of testing the feasibility of commercial fishing operations with a view to the establishment of locally based fishery operations.

PART II-FISHERIES MANAGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Promotion of Fisheries

- 3. (1) The Minister shall take such measures as he thinks fit under the Act to promote the management and development of fisheries, so as to ensure the optimum utilisation of the fisheries resources in the fishery waters for the bentfit of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines;
 - (2) There may be appointed:
 - (a) a Chief Fisheries Officer; and
 - (b) such other Fisheries Officers, Assistant Fisheries Officers and other officers as may be necessary to give effect to this Act.

Misheries Management and Development Plan

- 4. (1) The Chief Fisheries Officer shall prepare and keep under review a plan for the management and development of fisheries in the fishery waters.
 - (2) The fisheries plan shall:
 - (a) identify each fishery and assess the present state of its exploration:
 - (b) specify the objectives to be achieved in the management of each fishery;
 - (c) specify the management and development measures to be taken; and

The Fisheries Act

- (d) specify the licensing programmes to be followed for each fishery, the limitations, if any to be applied to local fishing operations and the amount of fishing, if any, to be allocated to foreign fishing vessels.
- (3) In the preparation and review of the fisheries plan the Chief Fisheries Officer, shall consult with the local lishermen, local authorities, other persons affected by the fishery plan and with any Fisheries Advisory Committee appointed under Section 5.

(4) The fishery plan and each review thereof shall be submitted to the Minister for approval.

5. (1) The Hinister may appoint a Fisheries Advisory Fisheries Committee to advise on the management and development Advisory Committee of fisheries.

- (2) Any Fisheries Advisory Committee appointed under this Section shall include the Chief Fisheries Officer and such other je sons as the Minister may consider capable of advising on the management and development of fisheries.
- 6. (1) The Minister may enter into arrangements with other countries in the region or with any competent regional organization, providing for:

(a) the harmonization of systems for the collecting of statistics, and the carrying out of surveys and procedures for assessing the state of the fisheries iesources;

(b) the harmonization of licensing procedures and conditions in respect of foreign fishing vessels;

(c) schemes for the issuance of fishing licences in respect of foreign fishing vessels by a competent regional o ganization on behalf of the Minister and the recognition of regional licences issued by such organication, subject to such conditions as may be specified in the agreement or arrangement and to such additional conditions as the Minister may specify from time to time;

(d) the taking of joint or harmonized enforcement measures in respect of foreign fishing vessels contravening fisheries laws in the region;

Comperation Fisherios.

198

No. 8.

(d) attempting or preparing to do any of the above:

"test fishing operations" means any fishing operations under taken over a limited period of time with the approva the Chief Fisheries Officer for the purpose of testing the feasibility of commercial fishing operations with a view to the establishment of locally based fishery operations.

PART II-FISHERIES MANAGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Promotion of Fisheries

No. 8.

- 3. (1) The Minister shall take such measures as he think fit under the Act to promote the management and development of fisheries, so as to ensure the optimum utilisation of the fisheries resources in the fishery waters for the bentfit of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines:
 - (2) There may be appointed:
- (a) a Chief Fisheries Officer; and
- (b) such other Fisheries Officers, Assistant Fisherie Officers and other officers as may be necessar to give effect to this Act.

Fisheries Management and Development Plan

- 4. (1) The Chief Fisheries Officer shall prepare and keep under review a plan for the managemen and development of fisheries in the fishery waters
 - (2) The fisheries plan shall:
 - (a) identify each fishery and assess the present state of its exploration;
 - (b) specify the objectives to be achieved in the management of each fishery;
 - (c) specify the management and development measures to be taken; and

The Fisheries Act

(d) specify the licensing programmes to be followed for cach fishery, the limitations, if any, to be applied to local fishing operations and the amount of fishing, if any, to be allocated to foreign fishing vessels.

(3) In the preparation and review of the fisheries plan the Chief Fisheries Officer, shall consult with the local ishermen, local authorities, other persons affected by the fishery plan and with any Fisheries Advisory Committee appointed under Section 5.

(4) The fishery plan and each review thereof shall be submitted to the Minister for approval.

5. (1) The Minister may appoint a Fisheries Advisory Fisheries 5. (1) The Elmister may appoint a Fisher Advisory Committee to advise on the management and development Advisory Committee of fisheries.

(2) Any Fisheries Advisory Committee appointed under this Section shall include the Chief Fisheries Officer and such other re sons as the Minister may consider capable of advising on the management and development of fisheries.

6. (1) The Minister may enter into arrangements with other countries in the region or with any competent regional organization, providing for:

Cooperation Fisheries

- (a) the harmonization of systems for the collecting of statistics, and the carrying out of surveys and procedures for assessing the state of the fisheries resources:
- (b) the harmonization of licensing procedures and conditions in respect of foreign fishing vessels;
- (c) schemes for the issuance of fishing licences in respect of foreign fishing vessels by a competent regional o ganization on behalf of the Minister and the recognition of regional licences issued by such organization, subject to such conditions as may be specified in the agreement or arrangement and to such additional conditions as the Minister may specify from time to time;
 - (d) the taking of joint or harmonized enforcement measures in respect of foreign fishing vessels contravening fisheries laws in the region;

appropriate:

(f) where appropriate, the establishment of a regional register of fishing vessels;

- (g) such other cooperative measures as appropriate including measures for promoting the welfare of fishermen and the insurance of fishing vessels and gear.
- (2) For the purpose of giving effect to any arrangement or agreement entered into under this Section, the Minister. may by Order published in the Gazette:
 - (a) authorize any competent regional organization designated in the Order to issue fishing licences in respect of foreign fishing vessels on behalf of the Minister, within the limits set out in the Order:
 - (b) exempt from the requirements of section 8 any foreign fishing vessels or class of foreign fishing vessels holding valid regional fishing licences issued by a competent regional organization designated in the Order: and
 - (c) prescribe the conditions to be observed by foreign fishing vessels exempted under paragraph (b) while fishing or navigating in the fishery waters.
- (3) Any order made under Sub-Section (2) shall be subject to negative resolution of the House of Assembly.

Fisheries Access Agrocaments

- 7. (1) The Minister may enter into access agreements with other states and with associations representing foreign fishing vessel owners or charterers, providing for the allocation of fishing rights to vessels from those states or associa-
- (2) The fishing rights allocated under agreements entered into under this Section shall not exceed the total resources or amount of fishing allowed to the appropriate category of foreign fishing vessels under the fisheries plan.

No. 8.

91 The Fisheries Act

1986.

- (3) Any agreement entered into under this Section shall include a provision establishing the responsibility of the foreign state or association to take necessary measures to ensure compliance by its vessels with the terms and conditions of the agreement and with the laws relating to fishing in the fishery waters.
- (4) For the purposes of this Section and Section 8 the term "state" shall include any regional organization to which the power to negotiate access agreements has been delegated by the member countries of that organization.
- 3. (1) No foreign fishing vessel shall be used for fishing Foreign or related activities in the fishery waters without a valid foreign fishing licence issued under this Section.

- (2) An application for a foreign fishing licence shall be made, in the prescribed form, to the Minister or to a competent regional organization authorized to issue fishing licences under Section 6(2) (a).
- (3) Subject to the provisions of this Act and any regulations made under this Act, the Minister may issue a foreign fishing licence authorizing a foreign fishing vessel to be used in the fishery waters for such fishing or related activities as may be specified in the licence.
- (4) Subject to Sub-Section (5), no foreign fishing licence shall be issued to any foreign fishing vessel unless there is in force with the Government of the flag state of the vessel or with an association of which the owner or charterer is a member, an agreement entered into under Section 7 to which the Government of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines is a party.
- (5) Sub-Section (4) shall not apply to a licence issued in respect of:
 - (a) test fishing operations; or
 - (b) a locally based foreign fishing vessel.
- (6) Where a fishing vessel is used in contravention of Sub-Section (1) or of any condition of the foreign fishing licence the master, owner and charterer of that vessel is each guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 500,000 dollars.

The Fisheries Act

1986.

Storage of Fishing Gear

9. The fishing gear of any foreign fishing vessel which prohibited by Section 8 from fishing within the fishery waters, shall be stowed in such manner as may be prescribed while within the fishery waters.

Observation of Laws

10. No licence shall relieve any foreign fishing vessel or its master or crew of any obligation or requirements imposed by law concerning navigation, customs, immigration, health, or other matters.

Local Fishing Licences

- 11. (1) No local fishing vessel shall be used for fishing or related activities in the fishery waters without a valid licence issued under this Section in respect of that vessel,
- (2) An application for a local fishing licence shall be made in the prescribed form to the Chief Fisheries Officer,
- (3) Subject to Sub-Section (4) of this Section, the Chief Fisheries Officer may issue a local fishing licence in the prescribed form.
- (4) No application for a local fishing licence shall be refused except on any of the following grounds, namely:
 - (a) that it is necessary to do so in order to give effect to any licensing programme specified in the fisheries plan;
 - (b) that the Chief Fisheries Officer has reason to believe that the applicant will not comply with the conditions of the licence
 - (c) that the vessel in respect of which the application is made does not have a valid certificate of inspection where so require under the laws governing merchant ship ping, or is not in compliance with regulations prescribed under Section 45 relating to the safety of the vessel; or
 - such other grounds as are specified in this Act or any regulations made under this Act.
- (5) Where a local fishing vessel is used in contra vention of Sub-Section (1) or of any condition of the local fishing licence, the master, owner and charterer of that vesse each is guilty of an offence and shall each be liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 2,500 dollars.

12. (1) Unless earlier cancelled in accordance with Validity Section 15, a fishing licence shall be valid for a period of Fishing not more than twelve months.

- (2) Where a vessel licensed as a local fishing vessel becomes a foreign fishing vessel, the licence shall automatically terminate.
- (3) The term of a foreign fishing licence shall not extend beyond the term of validity of the applicable access agreement.
- (4) No licence shall be transferable except with the written permission of the Chief Fisheries Officer or, in the case of a foreign fishing licence, the Minister.
- 13. (1) Every fishing licence shall be in the prescribed Fishing form and shall be subject:

- (a) to such general conditions as may be prescribed:
- (b) to such general conditions as may be specified under Sub-Section (2); and
- (e) to such special conditions as may be specified under Sub-Section (3).
- (2) The Minister may, by Order published in the Gazette, specify general conditions additional to those preporibed to which all fishing licences or any category of fishing licences shall be subject including conditions relating to open and closed seasons, prohibited fishing areas, minimum mesh lizes and minimum species sizes.
- (3) The Chief Fisheries Officer or in the case of a foreign fishing licence, the Minister, may attach to any fishing Heence such special conditions as he may think fit.
- (4) The Chief Fisheries Officer, or in the case of a oreign fishing licence the Minister, may, from time to time, where he is satisfied that it is expedient for the proper management of fisheries in the fishery waters, vary any special conditions attached to any fishing licence.

1986.

95

No. 8.

The Fisheries Act

(5) Where the Minister or the Chief Fisheries Officer, varies any special conditions attached to any fishing licence he shall notify the licence holder of such variation as soon as practicable.

Foes, Royalties, etc.

14. There shall be payable in respect of every fishing licence such fees as may be prescribed and such royalties or other charges as the Minister may determine.

Cancellation or Suspension of Fishing Liconces

- 15. (1) The Chief Fisheries Officer, or in the case of a foreign fishing licence, the Minister, may cancel or suspend a fishing licence on any of the grounds set out in Sub-Section
- (2) A fishing licence may be cancelled or suspended. where the Minister or the Chief Fisheries Officer, as the case may be, is satisfied that:
 - (a) it is necessary to do so in order to allow for the proper management of any particular fishery; or
 - (b) the vessel in respect of which the licence has been issued has been used in contravention of this Act or of any regulations made thereunder, or of any condition of the licence or in breach of any applicable access agreement; or
 - (e) he is required or authorized to do so in accordance with the provisions of any arrangement or agreement entered into under section 6.
- (3) Where a fishing licence has been cancelled or suspended under Sub-Section (1), notification of the cancellation or suspension shall be given to the person to whom the licence was issued.
- (4) Where a fishing licence has been suspended or cancelled on the grounds specified in Section 15(2) (a), proportion of any fees paid for the fishing licence representing the unexpired period of that licence or the period of suspension as the case may be, shall be reimbursed to the licence at his request.

16.(1) Any modification given under Section 13(5) or Notice 15 (3) shall be in writing except as otherwise specified in Sub-Section (2).

(2) In the case of a foreign fishing vessel, a notification referred to in Sub-Section (1) may be in writing or by telex, radio or such other form as the Minister deems appropriate.

17. (1) The Minister may grant to any person a Fish Process licence to operate a fish processing establishment on payment ing establishof such fees and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed from time to time.

- (2) Any person who operates or allows to be operated any fish processing establishment except under a licence granted under this Section and in accordance with the conditions of such licence is guilty of an offence and shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding 1,000 dollars.
- (3) In this Section" fish processing establishment" means any land, premises or other place on or in which fish are canned, dried, gutted, salted, iced, chilled, frozen or otherwise processed for sale by wholesale in or outside Saint Vincent and the Grenadines.
- 18. (1) The Minister may by notice published in the Local Gazette:

Tisheries Management Areas

- (a) designate an area as a local fisheries management area;
- (b) designate any local authority, fishermen's cooperative or fishermen's association or other appropriate body representing fishermen in the area as the Local Fisheries Management Authority for that area.
- (2) Where there is no appropriate body representing fishermen in the area, the Minister may promote the formation of such a body.
- (3) The Chief Fisheries Officer shall, to the extent he deems it practicable, provide to any Local Fisheries Management Authority, such assistance as may be reasonably necessary for the performance of its functions.

By-Laws

- 19. (1) A Local Fisheries Management Authority designated under Section 18 (1) (b) shall make by-laws not inconsistent with this Act or any regulations made under this Act, regulating the conduct of fishing operations in the designated area.
- (2) By-laws made under Sub-Section (1) shall be approved by the Minister and published in the Gazette biore they come into effect.
- (3) By-laws made under Sub-Section (2) may provide that a breach of any by-law shall constitute an offence and may provide for penalties on summary convictions by way of fine not exceeding 250 dollars...

PART III MARINE RESERVES AND CONSERVATION MEASURES

Fishing Priority Areas

20. The Minister may, by Order published in the Gazette, declare any area of the fishery waters to be a fishing priority area where he considers that special measure are necessary to ensure that authorized fishing within the area is not impeded or otherwise interferred with.

Leasing of Land for Aquaculture

- 21. (1) The Government of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines may lease land including areas of the foreshore and sea-bed for the purposes of aquaculture, if satisfied after reasonable enquiry that such lease will not substantally prejudice the rights of the members of the public thereto and such lease shall be in conformity with any regulations nade under Section 40 relating to the leasing of land for aquaculure.
- (2) The provisions of the Crown Lands Act (Cap 77) shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the leasing of lands including foreshore and sea-bed for the purposes of aquaculture under this Section.
- (3) Nothwithstanding any provisions of the Cown Lands Act (Cap. 77) the Minister shall, by notice published in the Gazette give particulars of any lease granted under Sub-Section (1) giving the boundaries of the area leased and the Minister may restrict and control by regulations nade under Section 45, the use of such land including foreshore or sea-bed by members of the public.

No. 8.

The Fisheries Act

1986.

22. (1) The Minister may, by Order published in the Marine Gazette, declare any area of the fishery waters and, as appropriate, any adjacent or surrounding land, to be a marine reserve where he considers that special measures are necessary:

- (a) to afford special protection to the flora and fauna of such areas and to protect and preserve the natural breeding grounds and habitats of aquatic life, with particular regard to flora and fauna in danger of extinction:
- (b) to allow for the natural regeneration of aquatic life in areas where such life has been depleted;
- (c) to promote scientific study and research in respect of such areas; or
- (d) to preserve and enhance the natural beauty of such areas.
- (2) Any person who, in any marine reserve, without permission granted under Sub-Section (3);
 - (a) fishes or attempts to fish;
 - (b) takes or destroys any flora and fauna other than fish:
 - (c) dredges, extracts sand or gravel, discharges or deposits waste or any other polluting matter, or in any way disturbs, alters or destroys the natural environment:
 - (d) constructs or erects any buildings or other structures on or over any land or waters within such a reserve;

is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 1,000 dollars.

(3) The Minister, or any person authorized by him in writing, may give written permission to do any of the things prohibited under this Section where the doing of such things may be required for the proper management of the reserve or for any of the purposes referred to in Sub-Section (1).

1986.

No. 8.

Research

23. (1) The Minister may, on the submission of a fisheries research plan, approved by the Chief Fisheries Officer, grant permission for any vessel or person to undertake research into fisheries in the fishery waters and in doing so may exempt such vessel or person from any of the provisions of this Act.

- (2) The Minister may attach such conditions as he deems fit to any permission granted under Sub-Section (1).
- (3) Any person who undertakes or assists in any fisheries research in the fishery waters:
 - (a) without remission under Sub-Section (1);
 - (b) in contravention of any condition or conditions attached to the permission under Sub-Section (2),

is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 1,000 dollars.

(4) Any permission or exemption granted under this Section shall be in writing.

Prohibited Fishing Methods

24. (1) Any person who:

- (a) permits to be used, uses or attempts to use any explosive, poison or other noxious substance for the purpose of killing, stunning, disabling or catching fish, or in any way rendering fish more casily caught; or
- (b) carries or has in his possession or control any explosive, poison or other noxious substance for any of the purposes referred to in the preceding paragraph.

is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 2,500 dollars.

(2) Any explosive, poison or other noxious substance found on board any fishing vessel shall be presumed, unless the contrary is proved, to be intended for the purpose referred to in Sub-Section (1)(a).

(3) Any person who lands, sells, receives or is found in possession of any fish taken in contravention of Sub-Section (1)(a), knowing or having reasonable cause to believe them to have been so taken, is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 2,500 dollars.

(4) For the purposes of this Section, a certificate as to the cause and manner of death or injury of any fish signed by the Chief Fisheries Officer or by any person authorized by him in wrriting shall be accepted as prima facie evidence in a court without proof of the signature of the person appearing to have signed the certificate or his official character.

(5) For the purposes of Sub-Section (4), the defendant to proceedings brought under this Section is entitled to 14 days notice in writing of the prosecution's intention to adduce the said certificate.

25. Any person who within the fishery waters, uses for Possession fishing or has on board any fishing vessel, in circumstances which indicate an intention to use for fishing in the Cal which indicate an intention to use for fishing in the fishery waters:

(a) any net the mesh size of which does not conform to the prescribed minimum mesh size for that type of net; or

(b) any type or other fishing gear which does not conform to any standards prescribed for that type of trap or other fishing gear;

(e) any other net or fishing gear which is prohibited by the Act,

is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 1,000 dollars.

. . N

1986.

PART IV-REGISTRATION OF LOCAL FISHING VESSELS

Local Fishing Vessels to be Registered

- 26. (1) From and after the coming into operation of this Act, every owner of a local fishing vessel shall, before such vessel is put to sea, be the holder of a valid certificate of registration in respect of such local fishing vessel.
- (2) Application for a certificate of registration shall be made on behalf of the owner to the Chief Fisheries Officer.
- (3). Upon receipt of an application made under Sub-Section (2), the Chief Fisheries Officer shall as soon as possible thereafter inspect the fishing vessel to which the application refers and if satisfied that the same is sea-worthy and fit for the purpose of fishing, issue to the owner a certificate of registration in which shall be recorded such other particulars as may be prescribed.

Register of Local Fishing Vessels

- 27. (1) The Chief Fisheries Officer shall keep a Register of every local fishing vessel in respect of which there is in existence a valid certificate of registration and shall cause to be entered from time to time in the said Register the place of mooring or beaching of such fishing vessel and such other particulars as may be prescribed in respect of such fishing vessel.
- (2) The contents of the Register of local fishing vessels shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein in all proceedings under this Act.

Change of ownership to be notified

- 28: (1) On the sale or change of ownership of a local fishing vessel, is respect of which a valid certificate of registration is in existence, the vendor and purchaser of such fishing vessel shall within seven days of such sale or other change of ownership; notify the Chief Fisheries Officer of the change of ownership (stating the name and address of the new owner or owners) and return to the Chief Fisheries Officer the certificate of registration issued for such fishing vessel for cancellation.
- (2) The Chief Fisheries Officer shall issue to the new owner of the local fishing vessel a new certificate of registration.

The Fisheries Act

29. No local fishing vessel shall put to sea unless there Local Fights is in existence in respect of such fishing vessel a valid to be put Inspected and Registered

certificate of registration issued in accordance with the to sea unless provisions of this Act. 30. (1) The Chief Fisheries Officer may at any time inspect without notice any local fishing vessel for purpose

Fisheries. Officer may Inspect of satisfying himself that such fishing vessel is being main- Fishing

(2) Where on an inspection pursuant to Sub-Section (1) the Chief Fisheries Officer is satisfied that the fishing vessel is not sea-worthy or is unfit for the purpose of fishing, he may cancel the certificate of registration of that fishing vessel and that fishing vessel shall thereupon be deemed to be not registered and shall be removed from the register of fishing vessels kept by the Chief Fisheries Officer.

tained in a sea-worthy condition.

- 31. (1) No local fishing vessel shall be used for fishing Offences or related activities in the fishery waters unless there is in existence a valid certificate of registration issued in respect of that fishing vessel in accordance with the provisions of this Part.
- (2) Where a local fishing vessel is used in contravention of Sub-Section (1), the master, owner and charterer of that vessel each is guilty of an offence and shall each be liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 206 dollars.

PART V ENFORCEMENT

32. The Minister may designate from time to time by Designation notice published in the Gazette such persons as he deems fit, of authorized including members of the enforcement authority of any country or of any regional or sub-regional marine enforcement entity, to be authorized officers for the purpose of this Act.

33. (1) For the purposes of enforcing this Act, any Powers of authorized officer may, without a warrant:

Authorized Officers

(a) stop, board and search any foreign fishing vessel in the fishery waters and any local fishing vessel in or outside the fishery waters and stop and search any wehicle;

a margalant

والكاموشين والم

330 mai

V 11

- (b) require to be produced, examine and take copies of any licence or other document required under this Act;
- (e) require to be produced and examine any fishing net or other fishing gear whenever at sea or on land.
- (2) Any authorised officer, whether he has reasonable grounds to believe that an offence has been committed under this Act may, without a warrant;
 - (a) enter and search any premises, other than premises used exclusively as a dwelling house, in which he has reason to believe that the offence has been committed or where he has reason to believe that fish illegally taken are being stored;
 - (b) take samples of any fish found in any vessel, vehicle or premises searched under this Section;
 - (c) seize any vessel (together with its gear, stores and cargo), vehicle, fishing gear, net or other fishing appliance which he has reason to believe has been used in the commission of the offence or in respect of which the offence has been committed;
 - (d) seize any fish which he has reason to believe has been caught in the commission of the offence, or is being possessed in contravention of this Act;
 - (e) seize any explosive or poison which he has reason to believe has been used or is being possessed in contravention of this
- (3) Any vessel seized under Sub-Section (2) and the crew thereof shall be taken to the nearest or most convenient port and the vessel may be detained pending the outcome of any legal proceedings under this Act or its release on bond or other form of security in accordance with the provisions of Section 38.

(4) Where, following the commission of an offence 24.63 under this Act by any foreign fishing vessel, such foreign fishing vessel is pursued beyond the limits of the fishery waters, the powers conferred on authorized officers under this Section shall be exercisable beyond the limits of the fishery waters, in the circumstances and to the extent recognized by international law.

(5) After a vessel has been stopped under the provisions of this Section any authorized officer may, concerning it or in relation to any fish or fish products therein, exercise any of the powers conferred by this Section.

(6) An authorized officer in exercising any of the powers conferred on him by this Section shall on demand produce such means of identification as may be necessary to show that he is an authorized officer for the purposes of this Act.

34. (1) Any fish or other articles of a perishable nature Sale of seized under this Act may, at the direction of the Chief Perishable Fisheries Officer, be sold and the proceeds of sale shall be held and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(2) Where, after making all reasonable efforts, the Chief Fisheries Officer is unable to sell the fish or other articles referred to in Sub-Section (1), or where such fish or other articles are unfit for sale, he may dispose of them in such other manner as he thinks fit.

35. No action shall be brought against any authorized Immunity officer in respect of anything done or omitted to be done by him in good faith in the execution or purported execution of his powers and duties under this Act.

36. Any person who obstructs, assaults or threatens Assaulting with violence an authorised officer in the exercise of the officers powers conferred on him under this Act is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 1,000 dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding nine months or to both.

Liability of Master

No. 8.

37. Where an offence against this Act has been committed by any person on board or employed on a fishing vessel the master of such vessel shall also be guilty of the offence.

Release of Vessel etc. on Bond

38. The court may, on application therefor, order, the release of any fishing vessel (together with its gear, stores and cargo), vehicle, fish, fishing gear, net or other fishing appliance seized under this Act on receipt of a satisfactory bond or other form of security from the owner or other person claiming such property.

Court's powers of Forfeiture

- 39. Where any person is convicted of an offence against this Act, the court, in addition to any other penalty imposed:
 - (a) may order that any fishing vessel (together with its fishing gear, stores and cargo) and any vehicle, fishing gear, net or other fishing appliance, used in the commission of the offence be forfeited:
 - (b) shall order that any fish caught in the commission of such offence or the proceeds of sale of such fish and any explosive, poison or other noxious substance used in the commission of such offence be forfeited.

Presumptions

- 40. (1) Until the contrary is proved, all fish found on board any fishing vessel which has been used in the commission of an offence against this Act shall be presumed to have been caught in the commission of that offence.
- (2) Where in any legal proceedings instituted under this Act following the seizure of a foreign fishing vessel by an enforcement vessel, the place in which an event is alleged to have taken place is in issue, the place stated in a certified copy of the relevant entry in the logbook or other official record of the enforcement vessel as being the place shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, to be the place in which such event took place.

Onus of Proof.

41. In any legal proceedings under this Act where the defendant is charged with having committed an offence under which a licence, authority or the permission of any person is required for the doing of any act, the onus shall be on the defendant to prove that at the time to which the charge related, the requisite licence, authority or permission was duly held.

42. Any vessel (together with its gear, stores and Disposal of 42. Any vessel (together with its gear, set of sking vessel etc. cargo), and any vehicle, fishing gear, net or other fishing Forfeited appliance, explosive or poison ordered to be forfeited under this Act shall be disposed of in such manner as the Minister may direct.

43. Any offence against any of the provisions of this Offences Act or any regulations made under this Act committed within the fishery waters by any person, or any such offence committed outside such waters by any citizens of, or person Jurisdiction erdinarily resident in, Sant Vincent and the Grenadines or by any person on hoard any local fishing vessel, shall be triable in any court of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines as if such offence had been committed in any place in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such court.

44. (1) Subject to Sub-Sectin (4) the Minister may, Power to where he is satisfied that any person has committed an offence compound against this Act or any regulations made under this Act, compound such offence by accepting on behalf of the Government from such person a sum of money not exceeding the maximum fine specified for that offence.

- (2) On compounding an offence under this Section the Minister may order the release of any article seized under Section 33 or the proceeds of sale of such article under Section 34 on such conditions including the payment of such additional sums of money not exceeding the value of the article seized. as he may think fit.
- (3) No offence shall be compounded under this Section unless the person who has committed the offence has expressed his willingness in a prescribed form that the offence be so dealt with.
- (4) The compounding of an offence under this Section shall be notified in writing under the signature of both parties to the appropriate Magistrate's court.
- (5) In any proceedings brought against any person for an offence against this Act or any regulation made under this Act, it shall be a defence if such person proves that the offence with which he is charged has been compounded under this Section.

215 4

1918 79675

(7) This Section does not apply to any offence against Section 24 or Section 36 of this Act.

PART VI—GENERAL

45. (1) The Governor-General may make regulations generally for the management and development of fisheries in the fishery waters.

(2) In particular, without limiting the generality of Sub-Section (1), the Minister may make regulations for all or any of the following purposes:

(a) providing for the licensing, regulation and management of any particular fishery;

- (b) prescribing fisheries management and conservation measures including prescribed mesh sizes, gear standards, minimum species sizes, closed seasons, closed areas, prohibited methods of fishing or fishing gear and schemes for limiting entry into all or any specified fisheries;
- (c) prescribing the constitution, function, and duties of the Fisheries Advisory Committee appointed under Section 5;
- (d) regulating the catching and utilization of fish taken incidentally when fishing for a species for which a licence has been issued;
- (e) providing for the registration and licensing of fishermen, fishing vessels, fishing gear and other fishing appliances;
- (f) organizing and regulating sport fishing in the fishery waters:
- (g) regulating the use of scuba gear;
- (h) regulating or prohibiting the use of spear guns or other similar device;

The Fisheries Act

1984.

- (i) regulating the landing, marketing and distribution of fish;
- (j) regulating the transiting of foreign tlahing vessels through the fishery waters, including the manner in which fishing genr is to be stowed;
- (k) making provision for rewards to be pall to any person providing information un operations of foreign fishing vessels leading to a conviction or compounding of offence under this Act;
- (1) prescribing the form of foreign fishing licences which may take the form of a written licence or a telexed or cabled authorization;
- (m) providing for the implementation of any agreement or arrangement entered into under Section 6:
- (n) regulating or prohibiting the entry into any fishing priority area established under Section 20, of any class of vessel and prescribing any activities which may not be undertaken in that area;
- (o) providing for the licensing and control of fish aggregating devices and for rights to fish aggregated by such devices;
- (p) regulating:
 - the management and protection of marine reserves and fishing priority areas,
 - (ii) the taking of coral and shells,
 - (iii) the setting of fishing fences,

1986.

- (iv) the taking of aquarium fish,
- (v) aquaculture developments,
- (vi) aquaculture operations;

No. 8.

- (q) prescribing measures for the protection of turtles, lobsters and conchs;
- (r) to provide for the control or prohibition of the import and export of fish;
- (s) prescribing standards and other measures for the safety of local fishing vessels and fishermen:
- (t) regulating or prohibiting the entry into land leased for the purposes of aquaculture or into waters superadjacent to such land:
- (u) prescribing the terms and conditions of leases for aquaculture:
- (v) providing for the form of a certificate of registration;
- (w) providing for the particulars to be recorded in the register of fishing vessels;
- (x) prescribing any other matter which is required or authorized to be prescribed.

(3) Where not othrwise provided for, any breach of a regulation made under this Act shall constitute an offence and any person guilty of such an offence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding 1,000 dollars.

Exemptions

46. The Minister may, by Order published in the Gazette, exempt from the requirements of Section 11, any local fishing vessels under a size, type or class specified in the Order.

47. Any regulations, Orders and notices made under the Savings Birds and Fish Protection Ordinance, (Cap. 14), the Fishing Nets Ordinance, (Cap. 22), and the Fishing Industry Ordinance, (Cap. 21) and any licences, permits and other authorizations sued thereunder shall, except insofar as they are inconsistent with this Act, continue to have effect as though made or issued under this Act.

Repeals

- 48. The following Acts are hereby repealed:
- (a) The Birds and Fish Protection Act Cap. 44 excluding the provisions therein relating to the protection of birds;
- (b) Fishing Industry Act 1961 (No. 19/1962);
- (e) Fishing Nets Act, Cap. 171.

Passed in the House of Assembly this 30th day of December, 1985.

J. CLEMENT NOEL Clerk of the House of Assembly.

Printed by the Government Printer at the Government Printing Office, Kingstown, St. Vincent and the Grenadines.

1986.

[Price \$10.00.]

1.4 10